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## DATA SHEET - TPRO Reverse Osmosis Models EKO 1.0-7.5 m<sup>3</sup>/day



### **System Capacities**

The system capacities indicated below are based on feed water with a total dissolved solid (TDS) content of <1500mg/l and a recovery of 35 to 50%.

Model	Capacity Lt/hr	Power Watts	Pump Lt/hr	Membranes 2 1/2"
EKO1.0	35	370	300	1 x 21"
EKO1.5	65	370	400	1 x 40"
EKO3.0	120	370	400	1 x 21" & 1 x 40"
EKO4.5	190	550	600	1 x 21" & 2 x 40"
EKO7.5	325	550	700	4 x 40"

Capacity will vary according to the feed water TDS and temperature and pump-operating pressure will vary according to the feed water quality. Typically pump pressure will be in the range of 7 to 11 Bar.

### **Operating conditions**

Feed Pressure: 1.5 to 4 Bar

Power: 220VAC 50Hz 1 phase

Temperature range: 5 to 40 °C  
Feed pH: 3 to 8

### ***Equipment***

The RO unit will be pre-assembled on a white GRP Frame and will include the following main components:

- 1 phase IP 55 Motor 220VAC
- Brass rotary vane pump
- 21" (TRH2521) or 40" (TRH2540) x 2 ½" Ropur-Toray Membranes or equal
- Blue GRP Membrane vessels 400psi
- Brine control ball valve
- Brine – feed by-pass valve
- Electrical Control Enclosure
- Electronic RO Controller
- Pipe & Fittings
- Pump low pressure shut off switch
- Brass Inlet solenoid valve
- SSTL Inlet pressure gauge
- Level switch for system shut off or ***optional*** pressure switch
- 10" or 20" filter housing
- ***Optional*** Water quality indication

### ***Dimensions***

The RO unit has a foot print of 70cm width and 40cm depth. Overall height varies between 1m and 1.35 according to the model. Sufficient space will be required in front of the unit to allow filter replacement

### ***Pre-treatment***

The membranes used in most reverse osmosis systems including our TPRO range, are spiral wound and made of a polyamide material. This material is not compatible with oxidizing agents such as chlorine normally found in tap water. The passages within a membrane are fairly small and un-dissolved materials can become lodged inside the membrane blocking it and reducing its capacity. Our systems come with an in-built safety carbon block filter but pre-treatment in the form of further carbon filtration and un-dissolved solid removal is normally required.

The reject from a reverse osmosis system has an increased concentration of salts and particularly hardness salts. Care must be administered to make sure that these salts do not precipitate in the membrane as this can lead to irreversible damage. Depending on the feed water as well as the system recovery, a water softener or anti-scalant chemical injection may be required before the system as part of the pre-treatment.

Contact your water treatment specialist for assistance on your pre-treatment requirement.